*2024 bills have been introduced; 2023 and prior years' bills have all been enacted

2024

<u>Senate Bill 3393</u> (Methane Emissions; Fine) - ensures more landfills are subject to US EPA regulations; requires better methane leak detection and gas capture methods at municipal solid waste landfills. (last year's SB 2155)

<u>Senate Bill 3267</u> (Composting Facility; Tracy) - allows for landscape waste composting operations without a permit on sites within one-half mile of 10 or more occupied non-farm residences.

<u>Senate Bill 2876</u> (Solid Waste Event Facilities; Villa) - requires event facilities with a maximum occupancy of at least 3,500 people to provide for the recycling and transfer of recyclable materials and for the composting of organic waste, which will be collected separately from recyclable materials (last year's HB 1370).

<u>Senate Bill 2816</u> (Organic Waste Composting Act; Johnson) - requires source separation and recycling of organics for large producers; establishes statewide goals of reducing organic waste sent to landfills; and requires county solid waste management plans to include compost programs for source separated organics.

House Bill 5592 (Food Waste Disposal; Huynh) - provides that the definition of "municipal waste" does not include food residual or landscape waste resulting from commercial activities and provides for solid waste management plans to include provisions for diverting food waste and landscape waste from the landfill stream, prioritizing food consumption by humans, agricultural use, consumption by animals, and composting.

<u>House Bill 5283</u> (Landfill Gas Management; Mason) - reduces the requirement from 5 years to 1 year for installation of a gas collection and control system for municipal solid waste landfills.

<u>House Bill 5052</u> (Good Food Policy; Harper) - requires state agencies and state-owned facilities to implement Good Food Purchasing policies by prioritizing local suppliers, suppliers that consider community health issues, producers that comply with labor laws, and providing healthy and humane conditions for farm animals.

House Bill 3158 (Natural Organic Reduction; Cassidy) - allows for the composting of human remains.

<u>House Resolution 320</u> (Reduce Food Waste/Insecurity; Ortiz) - urges the State to develop policies to reduce food waste and address increasing food insecurity.



(ICAW 2024 Poster)

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2023

Senate Resolution 62 Declared the week of May 7 - 13, 2023 as "Compost Awareness Week" in IL.



(ICAW 2023 Poster)

House Bill 3277 Allows for incidental sales of finished compost without requiring a permit.



<u>Senate Bill 1555</u> Creates Statewide Recycling Needs Assessment Act, which establishes a task force to study and make recommendations regarding packaging and paper products stewardship/extended producer responsibility.

<u>House Bill 2878</u> Includes language that encourages all State agencies and local governments to use finished compost/"compost products" in land maintenance activity projects (originally introduced as **HB2569**).



2022

Senate Resolution 706 Declared the week of May 1 through May 7, 2022 as "Compost Awareness Week" in IL.



(ICAW 2022 Poster)

2021

PA 102-0444 Permanently moved the DCEO recycling program to IEPA.

2019

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<u>House Resolution 109</u> Declared November 2019 as Food Pantry Donation Month to raise a greater awareness of food insecurity and its impact on Illinois residents.



(NT Township Food Pantry)

<u>Public Act 101-0510</u> Prohibits local governments from banning consumer use of personal containers for food purchases.

<u>Public Act 101-0484</u> Adds conservation of soil health, preservation of organic matter in soil and plants, water quality, and extreme weather resilience as soil and water conservation district purposes.

<u>Executive Order 2019-006</u> Orders the State to join the US Climate Alliance and commit to Paris Climate Agreement principles.

2018

<u>Public Act 100-0951</u> Required IDOT to conduct 2 pilot demonstrations using compost-amended soil prior to 12/31/2019 and to report results to ILGA by 12/31/2020; repealed by design 1/1/2022; report not submitted.

Public Act 100-0709 Requires certain agencies adopt donation policies for excess food procured with State funds.

2017

<u>Public Act 100-0094</u> Allows the Lake County landscape waste transfer station created in 2015 to accept food scraps without going through local siting process (enacted after expiry of 2015 bill).

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2016

<u>Public Act 99-0552</u> Provides that a public entity shall not enter into a contract to purchase food with a bidder or offeror if the bidder's or offeror's contract terms prohibit the public entity from donating food.

2015

Public Act 99-0011 Allows organic waste drop off facilities, creating infrastructure.

<u>Public Act 99-0440</u> Extends 2014 pilot; adds a 3d location in Lake County; develops organic waste haul infrastructure.

<u>Public Act 99-0306</u> Extends the state's policy of supporting national recycling labeling laws to composting and biodegradable materials.

<u>Public Act 99-0034</u> Required state agencies responsible for maintaining public lands to determine if incorporating compost materials would reduce runoff and increase infiltration and report findings to the ILGA by 12/15/2015; not completed.

2014

Public Act 98-0146 Allows two landscape-waste transfer stations to pilot food scraps collection with yard waste.

<u>Public Act 098-0731</u> Authorizes MWRD to accept food scraps and other organics to help generate renewable energy and to sell the renewable energy resources generated.

2013

<u>Public Act 98-0239</u> Creates opportunities for urban and suburban farmers to bring material from off site for composting and for community gardens to compost.

2010

<u>Public Act 96-0418</u> Allows Illinois yard waste composting facilities to add food scraps and avoid the state's siting process if food scraps constitute no more than 10% of the total volume handled at the facility.

Introduced/Enacted Food Scrap/Compost/All Organics-Related Policy* *2024 bills have been introduced; 2023 and prior years' bills have all been enacted

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2023	Senate Bill0052 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/SB/PDF/10300SB0052lv.pdf Declares the first full week of May every year as "Compost Awareness Week".
	SR0062 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/SR/PDF/10300SR0062lv.pdf Declares the week of May 7 - 13, 2023 as "Compost Awareness Week".
	SB1358/HB3277 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/SB/PDF/10300SB1358lv.pdf Allows for incidental sales of finished compost without requiring a permit. (amendment pending)
	SB1555/HB2874 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/SB/PDF/10300SB1555lv.pdf Establishes an Extended Producer Responsibility Act (the Packaging & Paper Stewardship Act).
	SB2155 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/SB/PDF/10300SB2155lv.pdf Requires methane gas emissions caps and reductions in landfills.
	HB2524 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/HB/PDF/10300HB2524lv.pdf Creates a State goal to reduce by 50% the amount of food waste generated annually by 2030.
	HB2569 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/HB/PDF/10300HB2569lv.pdf Encourages all State agencies and local governments to use finished compost/"compost products" in land maintenance activity projects.
	HB3158 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/HB/PDF/10300HB3158lv.pdf Provides for natural organic reduction of human remains.
	HB3235 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/HB/PDF/10300HB3235lv.pdf Creates pilot program to incentivize on-farm compost use.
	HB3627 https://ilga.gov/legislation/103/HB/PDF/10300HB3627lv.pdf Declares the first full week of March each year as "Soil Health Week" in IL.
2022	SR0706 (adopted 4/9/2022) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/102/SR/PDF/10200SR0706lv.pdf Declared the week of May 1 through May 7, 2022 as "Compost Awareness Week" in IL.
2021	PA 102-0444 (effective date 8/20/21) https://ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/102/PDF/102-0444.pdf Permanently moves the DCEO recycling program to IEPA.
2019	HR109 (adopted 10/29/2019) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/101/HR/PDF/10100HR0109lv.pdf

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Declared November 2019 as Food Pantry Donation Month to raise a greater awareness of food insecurity and its impact on Illinois residents. Public Act 101-0510 (effective 8/23/2019) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/fulltext.asp?Name=101-0510 Prohibits local governments from banning consumer use of personal containers for food purchases. Public Act 101-0484 (effective 8/23/2019) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/fulltext.asp?Name=101-0484 Adds conservation of soil health, preservation of organic matter in soil and plants, water quality, and extreme weather resilience as soil and water conservation district purposes. Executive Order 2019-006 (issued 1/23/2019) https://www2.illinois.gov/IISNews/19626-Executive Order 2019-06.pdf Orders the State to join the US Climate Alliance and commit to Paris Climate Agreement principles. 2018 Public Act 100-0951 (effective 1/1/2019) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/100/PDF/100-0951.pdf Required IDOT to conduct 2 pilot demonstrations using compost-amended soil prior to 12/31/2019 and to report results to ILGA by 12/31/2020; repealed by design 1/1/2022; not completed. Public Act 100-0709 (effective 8/3/2018) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/100/PDF/100-0709.pdf Requires relevant agencies to adopt policies for excess food procured with State funds to be donated. 2017 Public Act 100-0094 (effective 8/11/2017) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/100/PDF/100-0094.pdf Allows the Lake County landscape waste transfer station created in 2015 to accept food scraps without going through local siting process (enacted after expiry of 2015 bill). 2016 Public Act 99-0552 https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/fulltext.asp?Name=099-0552 Provides that a public entity shall not enter into a contract to purchase food with a bidder or offeror if the bidder's or offeror's contract terms prohibit the public entity from donating food. 2015 Public Act 99-0011 (effective 7/10/2015) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/fulltext.asp?Name=099-0011 Allows organic waste drop off facilities, creating infrastructure. Public Act 99-0440 (effective 8/21/2015) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/99/PDF/099-0440.pdf Extends 2014 pilot; adds a third location in Lake County; develops organic waste haul infrastructure. Public Act 99-0306 (effective 1/1/2016) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/99/PDF/099-0306.pdf Extends the state's policy of supporting national recycling labeling laws to composting and biodegradable materials.

Introduced/Enacted Food Scrap/Compost/All Organics-Related Policy* *2024 bills have been introduced; 2023 and prior years' bills have all been enacted

	Public Act 99-0034 (effective 7/14/2015) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/99/PDF/099-0034.pdf Required state agencies responsible for maintaining public lands to determine if incorporating compost materials would reduce runoff and increase infiltration and report findings to the ILGA by 12/15/2015; not completed.
2014	Public Act 98-0146 (effective 1/1/2014) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/98/PDF/098-0146.pdf Allows two landscape-waste transfer stations to pilot food scraps collection with yard waste. Public Act 098-0731 (effective 7/16/2014) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/98/PDF/098-0731.pdf Authorizes MWRD to accept food scraps and other organics to help generate renewable energy and to sell the renewable energy resources generated.
2013	Public Act 98-0239 (effective 8/9/2013) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/98/PDF/098-0239.pdf Creates opportunities for urban and suburban farmers to bring material from off site for composting and for community gardens to compost.
2010	Public Act 96-0418 (effective 1/1/2010) https://www.ilga.gov/legislation/publicacts/96/PDF/096-0418.pdf Allows Illinois yard waste composting facilities to add food scraps and avoid the state's siting process if food scraps constitute no more than 10% of the total volume handled at the facility.